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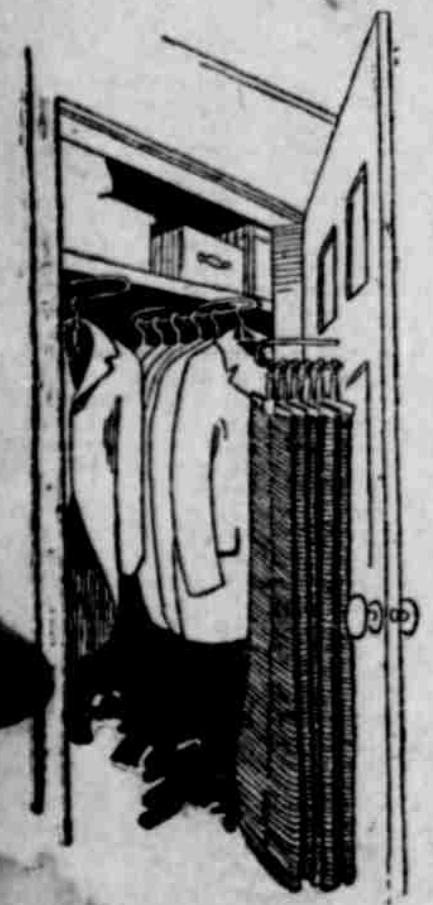
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75 Cents a Month.

THE BLAME
IS PLACEDLaid To Public Works
Department.

NOTICES ARE UNHEEDED

Board of Health Scores the Inat-
tention Paid To Its Recom-
mendations.

The Board of Public Works is not doing its share towards the maintenance of sanitary conditions in Honolulu, according to the reports presented to the Board of Health yesterday. The washhouses at Iwilei are particularly described as in most insanitary condition, for they have no cesspools, and are otherwise in such state that they are a byword among the residents of that vicinity.

"When I go to the people and demand that they build cesspools and otherwise put their places in sanitary condition," said Dr. Pratt, city sanitary officer, at the Board of Health meeting yesterday, "the people say to me, 'Why don't the Government put the washhouses in shape? If we are to be compelled to build cesspools, the Government ought to do the same thing.' I cannot make many reforms while the Government keeps such a place as that in the shape it is in at the present time."

"That is so," President Wood remarked. "If the Public Works Department does not put in proper appliances at such places we cannot expect private individuals to do so."

Dr. Cooper then moved that a communication be sent to the Board of Public Works stating what complaints had been made with regard to the Iwilei washhouses by private individuals, and requesting that measures be taken to put the place in proper sanitary condition.

LEPER ELECTIONEERING.

A letter was received from C. J. McCarthy, chairman of the Democratic Territorial Central committee, wherein he stated that it had come to his attention that a man named Kahaula had gone to the leper settlement at Kalaupapa, and had there delivered addresses in the interest of the Republican party. As he had been refused permission to send Democratic speakers to the settlement he stated that his party had been unfairly treated.

"I heard of this man's doings," said Attorney General Dole, "and I looked into the matter and I learned that he had gone to the settlement in the capacity of a prosecuting officer. While there he took advantage of the occasion to make political speeches. He had no authority to do anything of the kind, and I communicated with Sheriff Baldwin of Maui, through High Sheriff Brown, and said that there must not be a repetition of the offense."

THE SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The letters received by the Board of Education concerning the medical examination of children in schools in Maui were presented to the board. Owing to the fact that these letters have already appeared in the papers it was deemed unnecessary to read them. President Wood asked what was to be done about the matter, and Mr. Smith said that it appeared necessary to await the report of the Government physicians at the various school districts. Dr. Wood said that these would be received shortly, and suggested that the matter be laid over for the present.

A communication was received from Dr. Wood, Government physician at Wailuku, wherein he stated that he had been compelled to refuse certificates to several children. He gave the names of one or two of them, but he did not state what was the nature of the disease with which they were suffering, and his report was ordered returned to him with directions that he make a more careful statement of the matter, telling why he had refused the applications.

CEMETERY APPLICATION.

F. J. Berry appeared before the board to present an application of the Hawaiian Cemetery Association for the approval of their proposed site near Pearl City. The plan seemed in every way to be suitable and particularly as it was immediately available. The only matter which the board questioned was that of certain springs which flowed from the ground owned by the company into the sea. Dr. Garvin was directed to confer with the directors of the company for the purpose of ascertaining the best method of controlling this water, so that it might not be used for irrigation or domestic purposes, and the site was approved.

CONTRACTS FOR MEAT.

Contracts were let to the Metropolitan Meat Company for furnishing the leper settlement at Molokai with salt beef for the next six months at the rate of \$18.50 per 200-pound barrel. The Parker Ranch Company was given the contract for furnishing cattle on the hoof, eighty or ninety head a month, at the price of \$25 per head. They agreed to bring the cattle to the landing.

It was reported that eight lepers were sent to the settlement on October 2.

FISH MARKET AT LAHAINA.

The proposed erection of a fish market at Lahaina on land adjoining the canal there was discussed. A report was received from C. R. Lindsay, the Board of Health agent at Lahaina, approving the site. It appeared that he owned the land, and he said in his report that the canal was in no more insanitary condition than it had been for the past years, since he could remember, in fact. The report occasioned a smile among the members of the board, and it was decided that it would be necessary to obtain the approval of the site from the Government physician at Lahaina before the Board would permit the erection of a building at that point.

LICENSING PLUMBERS.

The report of Plumbing Inspector Duffy stated that it would be necessary to require all master plumbers to take out a license, and to require journey men plumbers to pass an examination before they are granted the right to ply their trades. This was considered a matter for the consideration of the Legislature, and not for the board to decide.

KEWALO DISTRICT.

Superintendent McCandless sent in a letter concerning the conditions in Kewalo district, wherein he stated that the Public Works Department would back up the Board of Health in refusing to grant building applications to parties who wished to build in that section of the city until their property was fixed to an established grade. Work was going on now, he said, in the grading of the streets, and it would soon be possible for property owners to know just how much they would have to fill in their land before they would be permitted to build. Two applications from the Sanitary Steam Laundry for buildings in the district were refused.

Mr. McCandless also sent in a request for the use of the Aala warehouse soon as the property now in it belonging to the Board of Health was removed. Dr. Garvin was directed to confer with Mr. McCandless on the subject.

DOCTORS AT THE JAIL.

The question of paying the Government physicians for attending prisoners in the different jails was brought up by Attorney General Dole, who stated that he had received bills from different Government physicians for attending prisoners, and he believed that this should be a portion of their regular duties as employees of the Board of Health. President Wood took issue with him on that question, and said that he believed that the police department should pay them for the attendance.

In this city they had physicians specially employed for the purpose of attending prisoners, and he did not see why the Government physicians outside of the city should have to attend prisoners without receiving pay for the work. The matter was laid over for another meeting.

Russians in Chinese Turkestan.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 15.—The following telegram has recently been received from Urumtsi, the provincial capital of Chinese Turkestan (Kashgaria and Ili):—Owing to news of troubles with foreign powers at Peking having become known here and to the fact that the Tarantchis (Kashgar Mahomedans settled in Ili) were beginning to become restless, Jao, Governor of the province, sent a large force of cavalry from Urumtsi to Kuldja to overawe the malcontents. On arriving at the pass dividing Urumtsi from Ili, however, the force was stopped by the Tartar General Ch'ang Keng, commanding at Kuldja, stating that he had received a dispatch from the Russian General commanding on the Russo-Ili frontier that "any reinforcements sent into Ili would be taken as an act of war, and that the Russians would invade Ili if the arriving Chinese force did not return to Urumtsi." The Chinese troops have therefore temporarily retired to the Urumtsi or Eastern side of the pass, and will await further orders from the Viceroy at Lanchow.

Beer-Drinking Japan.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 22.—The sale of beer in Japan is said to continue to increase rapidly year after year. All the breweries are reported to have brewed a fairly large quantity this year, the total amounting to some 120,000 or 130,000 koku, but orders came in in such number that they have been unable to execute all of them. At some places in Japan stocks appear to have fallen very low. The demand for the troops in North China has much increased the export of the beverage. It is expected, says the Kobe Chronicle, that the present prosperity of business may be maintained during the autumn.

Japan's War Expenditure.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 22.—It will be remembered that the Japanese Government, at the outset of the Chinese trouble, made a disbursement of fifty million yen for the purposes of the expedition to China. It is stated that owing to the improvement of the transport system and a large quantity of spoils in the shape of rice and cereals, considerable saving has been effected. Roughly speaking, the expenditure has so far amounted to some eleven million yen, the whole of which, however, has not yet been paid. Although it is not ascertained how much will be required in future, it may be taken for granted, judging from present appearances, that Japan will emerge out of the present trouble with a comparatively small disbursement of funds. We may also add that there are several millions of yen of silver, captured at Tien-Tsin and Peking, which are still untouched.—Japan Gazette.

Further Missionary Massacres.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 22.—Information has been received at Shanghai that the following missionaries, who were stationed in Chihli, met their death in the latter part of July.

Station Fenchowfu, near Paoing-fu: Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Price and one child, Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Atwater and two children of the American Board Mission; Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Lundgren (Danes) and Miss A. Eldridge (British) of the China Inland Mission.

Stationed at Taku: Rev. and Mrs. D. H. Clapp, Rev. G. L. Williams, Rev. F. W. Davis, Miss R. Bird and Miss M. L. Partridge, all of the American Mission.

The Fenchowfu party had left their station under escort on the 15th July and lost their lives whilst en route to a place of safety, whilst the Taku party are said to have met death at their station on the 31st of July.

Australians to Garrison Taku.

HONGKONG, Sept. 15.—We learn that the Australian Naval Brigade, which left here on the 31st ult. in the transport Salamis, arrived at Wossung on the 3d inst., where they have been inspected by the Senior Naval Officer, and have, much to their satisfaction, been at once assigned to a service which, if not all they could have wished, they feel an honor. Vice Admiral Sir Edward Seymour has deputed the contingent to take over from the troops now stationed there the northwest Taku fort and to garrison it.

Sleeping Cars in Japan.

HONGKONG, Sept. 15.—The railway authorities have decided to introduce sleeping-car accommodation on two express trains between Kobe and Shimobeshi, that is, the trains leaving the two termini at 6 p. m. Any one who desires to hire sleeping accommodation must pay besides his fare 4 yen for a day and night, 2 yen for a day only, and 3 yen for a night only. The whole car may be reserved on payment of the charge for the full accommodation.

Sugar Industry in Formosa.

HONGKONG, Sept. 15.—The Formosan authorities have decided to grant a subsidy to a sugar refining company promoted by several well-known capitalists, including the Mori and Mitsui families. During the current fiscal year 12,000 yen will be contributed to the concern, and in the next season of the Diet a bill will be introduced providing for the granting of an annual subsidy of 30,000 yen for five consecutive years.

The Wounded and Their Fate.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 22.—On the retreat from Peking to Tien-Tsin, says the Japan Gazette, the marines of the Centurion were obliged to leave the wounded—but the wounded were shot first. The newspapers should agitate that poison be carried for such cases, adds our correspondent.

EXPERIMENT STATION
IS TO BE ESTABLISHEDTHE FOLLOWING LETTER was submitted to the Governor's council
Commissioner Wray Taylor yesterday morning:

Louisiana Sugar Experiment Station,
 Audubon Park, New Orleans, La., Sept. 17, 1900.

My Dear Sir: We returned from Washington to this point on yesterday, Sept. 17, in Washington I received your kind letter, written on your return from the island of Hawaii.

I have made my report to the President and Secretary, which will be adopted by your former Government for the Experiment Station. The 200-acre part of which has been set aside by proclamation of President McKinley, we try to recover. I have recommended that the Director be appointed, which will be done immediately. He will probably be there to take charge before the beginning of the next year. He will clear the grounds, erect the buildings and be ready for the remainder of his staff, which will follow as soon as he has everything in readiness.

I have also recommended that Governor Dole, yourself and the Commissioner of Public Lands (Mr. Brown) to be an advisory council to the Director, the staff of which will be attended to in a few weeks. I think in a few months you will have a fully equipped Experiment Station right at your doors. We are now looking for a suitable Director, which I am sorry to say is no easy matter.

We are under many obligations to you and Mr. Haughts for the seed which you had prepared for us, and assure you that they are very highly appreciated. I have seen Secretary Wilson and Mr. Pinchot, the forester, and both have promised to send an expert forester some time in November.

I send you today a catalogue of year books of Audubon Park, and will be glad to furnish you with anything therefrom that you do not possess, and at the same time will be thankful for anything that you do not find in the catalogue for your own collection.

Mrs. Stubbs is now resting in Memphis with some relatives, and will come home in a week or two. We both desire to return to Governor Dole and our friends on the Islands who thank for the many kindnesses and courtesies extended to us. It will always be pleasant to recall our trip to the Hawaiian Islands, and the especially pleasant recollections of the many friends that we met there.

Promising to do whatever we can for you whenever we can serve, and trusting you to command us on such occasions, and with very kind regards and high appreciation of your courtesies to us, I am,

Very truly yours,

WM. C. STUBBS,

Director.

CAME NEAR DYING.

"For three days and nights I suffered agony untold from an attack of cholera morbus brought on by eating cucumbers," says M. E. Lowther, clerk of the district court, Centerville, Iowa. "I thought I should surely die, and I had taken a dozen different medicines, but all in vain. I sent for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and three doses relieved me entirely." This remedy is for sale at Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents.

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 F. C., eight years old, Port, Sherry, Angelica, Tokay, per gallon 1.00
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 Whisky, McBrayer, per gallon 1.50
 Whisky, six years old, private stock, Elk River, per gallon 2.00
 We ship 10-gallon kegs, 1/2 barrels, 33 gallons, or barrel, 46 gallons.
 Kingston Whisky, per case, 12 bottles 7.50
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